

Water Supply Fact Sheet

History

Western Canal Water District (WCWD) was formed by a vote of landowners on December 18, 1984 as a California Water District, and currently encompasses a land area of approximately 67,500 acres, of which 58,520 acres are irrigable. The District purchased the "Western Canal" water system from Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), who had acquired it from the Great Western Power Company. The canal was originally developed by the Western Canal Company, which began operations in 1911.

The District's original diversion was located at the Western Canal Company's dam on the Feather River. The Oroville Reservoir Complex displaced the diversion facilities and upstream portion of the Western Canal. The supply is now provided by two outlet structures located on the northwestern edge of the Thermalito Afterbay.

Water Supply and Drought

The pre-1914 surface water rights of the District: 295,000 AF March - October

- 150,000 AF of natural flow subject to reduction during drought
- 145,000 AF stored water <u>not</u> subject to reduction

Diversion Agreement Reduction Provisions

Subject to up to 50% reduction of 'Natural Flow' (or 75,000 AF) in any one year or 100% reduction (150,000 AF) in any series of *seven* consecutive years.

<u>Units</u>
AF= acre feet
MAF = million acre feet

Provisions for Deficiencies

- Forecasted April July unimpaired runoff to Lake Oroville for the current water year is equal to or less than 600,000 AF (avg 1.75 MAF)
- Total accumulated actual deficiencies of unimpaired runoff to Lake Oroville below 2.5 MAF in the immediately prior water year or series of consecutive prior water years each of which had runoff of less than 2.5 MAF, together with the predicted deficiency below 2.5 MAF for the current year, exceed 400,000 AF

2014	1,721,932 AF unimpaired runoff (778,068 deficit)
2015	2,015,898 AF unimpaired runoff (484,102 deficit) Accumulated deficit 1,262,170 MAF
2016	4,248,197 AF unimpaired runoff
2017	10,177,888 AF unimpaired runoff
2018	3,316,255 AF unimpaired runoff
2019	6,320,450 AF unimpaired runoff
2020	2,255,053 AF unimpaired runoff (244,965 deficit)
2021	1,407,894 AF unimpaired runoff (1,092,106 deficit) Accumulated deficit 1,337,071 MAF

WCWD Operations in Drought

If a contract deficiency is declared, WCWD allocates water on a pro-rated basis.

Grower Considerations

- Idling
- Tailwater Recovery Pumps
- Groundwater: approximately 140 landowner deep wells, WCWD doesn't own any wells
- Increase need for communication with WCWD on water delivery needs

The groundwater basin underlying WCWD's service area has been in stable condition due to the continuous surface water deliveries replenishing the basin through deep percolation. There has been no sale of groundwater outside Butte County following the passage of Measure G in 1996.

